# EUROPE.

# Special Telegram to the Herald.

The Great Powers to the Sultan on the War in Candia.

A Suspension of Mostilities and Joint Commission of Inquiry Recommended.

Law and Order Restored in Birmingham.

A War Fleet Ordered to the Irish Channel.

Heavy Money Losses by Jeff Davis' Agents.

Political Assessination on Defined by Beregouski, Wilkes Booth and Cromwell.

Death of the Archduchess Matilda of Austria, the Queen Apparent of Italy.

#### BY THE CABLE TO JUNE 19.

#### THE EASTERN QUESTION.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD. A Joint Imperial Note to the Porte-Urgen soits for un Inquiry into the Creta

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 18, 1867. A collective diplomatic note signed by France, mois, Prussis and Italy was presented to the Cabinet of the Porte in this city, on Saturday last, on the subject of the situation of affairs and conduct of the war in Crete.

In this note the signing Powers urge on the Sul tan the propriety of an immediate suspension of in the Island of Candia, and a government inquiry into the grievances of the islanders-Christian and others-in Crete; the inquiry to be conducted by a commission appointed by the great Powers of Europe and the government of the Bublime Porte.

#### THE ENGLISH RIOTS.

Law and Order Restored in Birmingha The Movement not Formidable. Loxon, June 19—Evenin The viot in Birmingham which of first had a

me not in Birmingham which ac love and a love sidable appearance, was speedily suppressed by the cities of the government.

In the House of Commons this evening Hon. Cathorne lardy, the Home Secretary, announced that the discrements in Birmingham had ended, peace and order and bean researed throughout the city, and the troops ent there were under orders to return to their former

# FERIAN INVASION.

Lormon, Jone 19, 1867.

The English government, warned by the landing effected by the equad of Fenians at Dungarven, have stationed men-of-war in the channel to guard against the

# THE JEFF DAVIS AGENTS.

Heavy Louise by the Fallure of Frazer &

Trenbolm. Lavarroot, June 19-Ever

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Loudon Money Market. Lorgos, June 19—Noon

United States five-twenty bonds have declined 1/4, and are now quoted at 72/4.

Illinois Central Railway shares, 79. Brie Railway shares have declined 14, and the quota

AMERICAN RECURITIES

The Continental Bourses.
FRANKFORT, June 19-Evening.

United States bonds closed at 77%.

Cotton firm. Estimated sales to day 8,000 bales. Midding uplands, 11%d.; midding Orleans, 11%d.

Lavarroos, June 19—2 P. M.

The cotton, breadstuffs and produce markets are with-

Middling uplands, 11%4; middling Orleans, 11%4. The sales of the day foot up 8,000 bales. Liverpool Brendstuffs Market.

Corn, 37s. 9d. California wheat, 13s. 6d. Oats, 3s. 7d. Barley, 4s. 9d. Peas, 37s.

Livenreot, June 19-Evening. Corn has declined 3d.; mixed Western, 37s. 6d. per warter. California white wheat steady, 13s. 6d. Barley, oats and peas unchanged.

Liverpool Provisions Market.
Provisions unchanged. Pork, 75s. Beef, 130s. Lard,

Provinces | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | In the provision market beef has advanced 2s. 6d., and m now quoted at 132s, 6d. Pork has declined Is.,

and the price is now 74s. Other articles are without LIVERPOOL, June 10-Evening. The market for provisions is generally quiet. Beef closed firm at the aivance, and was last quoted at 122s. Sd. per bbl. for extra prime mess. Lard, 50s. Becon has advanced to 41s. 6d. for Cumberland cut middles.

Pork dull at 74s, for prime Eastern mess.
Liverpool Produce Market.

Rosin—Common, 7a; fine, 12a. Spirits of turpentine, 82a. Tallow, 44a. Cloverseed, 42a.

Livearcot, June 10—Even ing.

Tallow has declined to 43a, 9d. Petroleum steady at 17d. for spirits; is, 2d. for refined. Restu—Common Triumington, 7a, and the American, 12a. per cwt.

No. 12 Datch clandare sugar, 25c. Scotch pig 54s. Calcutta Hassed, 64s. Linseed cakes, 29 15a. Linseed oil, 242. Whale oil, £34 10s.

Me to these status of sugar, Sie. There are t hanges to report in other articles.

LONDON, June 19—Evening.

64s. per toe for Scotch pigs. Other articles unchanged. MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

ith inst., has arrived here, on route to Liverpool.

LYMPOOL, June 19—2 P. M. The back George Henry, Captain Cann, from Andro san May 8 for Boston, has put into Payal leaky.

#### THE BROKEN CABLE.

The Ends Grappled and Repaired and Com-munication Restored. Haan's Courses, N. F., June 19, 1867. The steamer Chiltern, which arrived here Sunday, proceeded on Monday to grapple for the ends of the

#### MAIL BETAILS TO JUNE 8.

yesterday morning, bringing our special correspondence and files, in detail of our cable despatches, to the 8th of June. From both sources we have the following very interesting mail reports additional to the advices by the

on the 5th of June, says:—

Once more the resignation of Count Bismarck, on the ground of ill health, has been announced as imminent. The severe mental and bodily work which has fallen to his share certainty tells upon his constitution; but, as his wish to complete the task in hand is as fervid as ever, it is difficult to say when he will find it indispensably necessary to grant himself a respite.

The Count di Castiglione, private secretary and chef du cabine of King Victor Emanuel, died suddenly,

June 6, as he was escorting the newly married Duke and Dutchese of Aosta (Prince and Princess Amadeus of Italy) to Stupinigi, a country seat of the King, near Turin. The Count was riding a little in advance of a nounted party who were accompanying the cortige. He was suddenly seen to drop his reins and fall to the ground, and when lifted by some bystanders was found to be quite dead. It is stated that he had lately fancy ball in the singular and scanty costume of Flau-bert's Carthaginton heroine, Salsmanbe, is not yet quite

esults, brought ouf a manifesto from one long buried n obscurity. Arthur Georgey, the Commander-inwritten and published a pamphlet in Pesth, entitled "A Letter Without an Address." The ex commanded devotes the brockure partly to a fresh attempt at a vindication of his own conduct and partly to an argumen against Koseuth and in favor of a full reconciliation

seven to six votes, that there is no ground for proceed-ing, according to the rules of the profession, against those members of it who made themselves conspicuous by a manifestation against the Czar in the Palais de

ardinal Antonelli will visit Paris at the end of August. The receipts at the Paris Exhibition during the month of May realized an average of fifty thousand france

Our correspondent telegraphs that a demonstration was held in the Ulater Hall at Belfast, ireland, tast night, to protest against recent concessions to Popery. Upwards of five thousand persons were present. The Orangemen wore the innights of the order. A large number of leading Protestant gentlemen attended. Everything passed off quietly, but a large force of police was kept in readinces in the barracks.

Letters received in Vienna from Beigrade, June 7,

state that Prince Michael will shortly leave for Paris, at the invitation of the Emperor Napoleon.

From Liverpool we have the intelligence of the reap-pearance of the cattle plague in the neighborhood of that term.

that town. One case only was reported; but it was con-sidered expedient to order the Stanley Market to be

# IRELAND.

# SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.

James Stephens' Visit to Dublin-Sudden Appearance of the C. O. at Council-His Defence and Hopes-An Insurrectionary Pow-Wow-Naval Movements-No Hope-Great Gain to the United States by Emigration.

DROGHEDA, June 7, 1867.

1 had fondly hoped that we had heard the last of the

seposed C. O. I. R., but it appears that that wily con-parator has no intention of biding his light under a spirator has no intention or mining his light under a bushel. While Kossuth is endeavoring to fire the heart of Hungary with his long-winded harangess through the public press it could not be expected that the vain and pompous James Stephens would remain very long in

private life.

Three gentlemes who represent the Fenian organization in Dublin were somewhat startled last week by receiving a demand from Stephens for admission into their councils. It appears that he saw, or affected to see, something very encouraging in the present state of Ireland, to which every one else was hopelessly blind, and had left Paris for Dublin to open the eyes of the Fenian chiefs. He travelled from Paris via Havre and Southampton, and came right through by night mail from Lendon. For the first time in Ireland he was disguised. Arrange-He travelled from Patis via Havre and Southampton, and came right through by night mail from London. For the first time is Ireland he was disguised. Arrangements had been made for his safety of so thorough a character that to this moment but four persons in Dublin are aware of his coming and departure. I met last night one of the parties who was engaged in the pow-wow on the state of the republic, and he informs me that Stephens has cleared himself, in their judgment, of most of the charges brought against him by his opponents. The failure of the late attempt at robellion was strongly urged as proof of his auperior wisdom and forethought. If, he argued, the conduct of affairs had been left to his sole guidance and discretion the country would not have been diagraced by so miserable a fasco. His plan was to keep on conspiring, drilling, arming and preparing the people for the time when England would be at war with the United States, or some European power, when a decisive blow might be struck at the diminished garrison of the enemy.

After a lengthened conversation on the wisdom of this course of action, Slephens—who, it appears, has forgotion very conveniently his "we must fight this year" speeches—entered into the subject of ways and means for the future, and detailed his plans. It appears that he promised the assembled delegates that he would carry the flery cross through the country again, and raise the Fonian organization to its former power. I am not informed, but it may well be inferred, that the promise of these great things was accompanied by a pecuniary provise. However that may be, there is no doubt that he meanared to create a good impression in the minds of the Fenian leaders. But the Q. Q. will have a difficult task to persuade the duped and oft lied-to peasactry of this country to rise up again to fight the British army with sticks and stones, or even to expose themselves to arrest and imprisonment through midnight meetings. The Irish are very indulgent and forgiving when the offunder is known to

the island for three weeks and has not been captured, would seem from this that the Fenians on board here well supplied with information by their friends on it and have the assistance of experienced pilots. The most absolute monarch could not desire better ler in his dominionit than exists in this town at the sees moment. The young Men—at least all who can aim work—are laboring to obtain means to enigrate America, which appears to be the aspiration of a large rition of the workingmen in Ireland. During this namer work estated labor will leave this country for United States than any year since the emigration ore of 1846. The young men who have not been m—to use an expression freely used here—"with a rer spoon in their mouths," have no hope of either tering their own condition or that of their country by ying. Liberty does not exist, property is insecure, the is crushed, and the dim hope of better days, which once powerful Fenian organization held out to the ith of Ireland, has totally disappeared.

#### POLITICAL ASSASSINATION.

The Dectrine and Principle of Giver Cremwell. Heregowski and Wilkes Beeth.

[From the London Times, June 8,]
The crime which has cast a gloom over the visit of the Czar to Paris exhibits all the features of a type unhappily too familiar. The detaits are few and simple, but they tell their own tale.

\* \* The prisoner, on being questioned, stated that he was a native of Vothynia, by name Beregowski, that he had come from Beitum two days before for the purpose of assassinating the Czar, and that he had no accomplices. There is nothing in the facts as hithert disclosed to make us doubt the truth of this last assertion. The present are has witnessed many attempts upon the lives of eminent personages, but few have been distinctly traced, like that of Orsin, to a conspiracy. It is generally some individual functic who becomes inspired with the idea of avenging the wrongs of a nation or nationality single handed, if here the would-be assassin not only staked his own life on his desperate enterprise, but can scarcely have induited any hope of escaps in case of success. He must have deliberately resolved to execute the wild justice of parious revenge on a grand historical scale, and then to brave death. He cannot even have supposed, as it is possible Wilkes Booth supposed, that his act would bring redress or benefit of any kind to his countrymen.

countrymes.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* Much has been said and written of late on the comparative enormity of political assassination and ordinary murder from an ethical point of view. Such the comparisons appear to us highly unprofitable, not to say mischievour. Tried by any standard which it is possible for buman justice o appty, the offence of this Polish mechanic involves the very highest degree of gotil. It is only by assuming the functions of Providence, and affecting to search the heart of the criminal that we can arrive at any other conclusion. Even them we must adopt a very arbitrary and imperfect criterion of wickedness before we can draw a distinction in favor of murders committed in pursuance of public objects. Selfishness is not the only vice, nor is a r. adiness to die after sainting the instinct of vergeance by any means peculiar to tyransicula. Most passions, though selfish in their origin, overpower self-regard whom they become dominant; and it is common enough for vulgar murderers to attempt suicide afterwards. The important question really is whichter it is for the interest of society to visit miscreants like Beregowski with the same condign punishment and the same infamy as miscreants like Palmer or Mrs. Manning. We reply, without hestitation, that it is not only for the interest of society but essential to its very existence that political motives should not be admitted even in theory as extenualing circumstances in cases of murder. There is absolutely no limit; such a principle if one untreduced. The liability to be suddenly cut off by the hand of some enthusiass, who has received no personal injury, is already an appreciable set off to the attractions of sovereignty. It is not every one who would have undertaken the office of President after the murder of Mrs. Lincoln, nor every one who would care to retain the imperial throne at the same personal risks as the Emperor Napoleon. But there is another side to this consideration. Reason leads us to expect, and history shows, that violence begue begue to d

#### THE POLISH AMNESTY.

The following Russian ukase, bearing the date of Warsaw, May 31, signed by Count de Berg, has been pulsabed:

His Majesty the Emperor has been pleased, under date 17th (29th) of May, to order—

1. That all political proceedings relative to the recent insurrection, to the disorders of which it was the cause, which are not yet completed before the tribunals, as also before the preliminary commissions, about the annutled, and the accused shall be set at liberty if they shall not have been guilty of ordinary crimes, such as murder, incendiarism, ac.

2. No fresh prosecution shall be commenced on account of participation in the insurrection, and persons who may be suspected of such participation shall not be prosecuted.

3. Those persons, natives of the kingdom of Poland,

who in consequence of the recent political disurbances have been sent to different localities as an administrative measure may return to the country if their conduct be deemed satisfactory by the local authorities. This permission does not extend to exclasination, whose return shall be dependent upon the personal decision of the Emperor's lieutenant in Poland.

4. Permission to return to Poland is also granted to persons being natives of the Western governmente, and who, by an administrative act, have been sent away from their residences, if their conduct be certified as satisfactory by the local authorities, and if they expressly declare their desire to actue in the kingdom of Poland. This permission does not extend to ecclesiastics, who must obtain a special permission from the Emperor's I cutenant to return to Poland.

# THE CONGREGATION OF SOVEREIGNS.

The Sultan's Visit to Paris Applauded in Con-

The Sultan's Visit to Paris Applauded in Constantinople.

[From the Paris Moniteur, June 8.]

A Constantinople letter states that the departure of the Sultan is fixed for the 22d of June. His Majoesy will be accompanied by his son, Youssef Eddin-Eshadi, aged nine years; the Princes Murad Esfoadi and Abdul-Hamed-Esfendi, sons of Abdul-Medjid, the late Sultan, and Fund Pacha, Minister of Foreign Affairs and the introductor of ambassadors.

The furgest, of Constantinople, communicates the names of other personages who are to accompany the Sultan to Paris, namely:—Emin-Bey, First Secretary of the Sultan; Bjemil-Bey, First Chamber-lain; Kiamil-Bey, Grand Masser of the Ceremonies; and Arifi-Bey, First Interpreter of the Imperial Divan; also Anil-Bey, son of the Grand Visire, is attached to the imperial suite as Secretary of the Minister of Foreign Affairs. This journal considers the journey of the Sultan to Paris as an event of the greatest importance and without precedent in the history of Islamism. "Is there not," says the Turquie, "in the mere enunciation of this fact a proclamation of one of the greatest victories obtained by modern civilization?"

The French and English naval divisions will rendez-

The King of Egypt and His Yacht.

[From Galignani's Messenger, June 8.]

The late Viceroy of Egypt, now King, has definitively discount of the second of the departure for Franca. His Highness, escorted by the principal personages of his government, including Raghib Pacha, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and formerly chief of the Cabinet, will embark on the 9th inst. on board a yacht of the Egyptian navy, and probably arrive in Paris about the 15th. [The King has arrived in Paris as duly reported in the Benaud.]

has arrived in Paris as duly reported in the figural.

Eo. Herald.]

Movements of the Russian and Prussian Families.

(From Galignani's Messenger, June 8.]

The Emperor of Russis, yesterday morning, after a ride in the Bols de Boulogne, went to see several new churches of Paris and other public buildings; and then paid a visit at the Tulieries to the King of Prussis, his uncle, and to the Emperor Napoleon. The three sovereigns walked for some time together in the reserved garden and on the terrace by the water side. The Grand Dukes and the Prince Royal of Prussis followed their Majestics. The preceding day the Czar dined at the Elyssee, and during the repart the band of the gendarmery of the Guard played in the garden.

In the evening his Majesty and his two sons went incognite to the Paisis Royal theatre to see the Visit Parisiesnee. About an hour after his Majesty went out of the house afone and enfored a cafe, where he remained a few minutes. In the meantime, however, his incognite had been betrayed, and on meeting to re-enter the theatre be found a crowd collected which could not be passed through without difficulty. But by the aid of the sergents-de-ville on duty the Casr was at length enabled to regain his box. The party left the house at about ten o'clock.

The King of Prussia, on the evening of his arrival towards six o'clock, went to the Palace of the Erysée to pay a visit to the Emperor Alexander. The Cuar had not yet returned home, and the King waited for him. A few minutes after the Casr arrived, and the two sovereigns had an interview of some length.

His Majesty of Prussia made his first visit to the Exhibition yesterday morning, being accompanied by Count Bismarck, M. Rouber and M. Le Play. The King will not take part in any official meeting today, on account of its being the anniversary of the death of Prederick William III., his father.

The Prince and Princess of Prussia went two ovenings.

Prince Humbert of Italy to Tra vel by Son.

[From Gaignani's Messenger, June 8]

The Turin Gazette announces that the de serture of Prince Humbert for Paris was fixed for the 7th vaster-day), and that he will travel by sea. Admiral Politics as superintending, at Genes, the proparations for the outrof.

[From Galignani's Messenger, June 8.]
The King of Sweden is to leave Stockholm on the 10th of June to come to Paris, passing through Bertin.

#### DEATH OF THE ARCHDUCHESS MATILOA

The unfortunate Archduchess Matilda, whose death from the effects of her sad accident has been announced, was in her nineteenth year, having been born on the 25th January, 1849. She was the daughter of Archduke Albert Frederic Rodolphe, and granddaughter of the Archduke Charles, brother to Francis I. of Austria, and well known as the leader of the Austrian armics in the wars with Napoleon I. The Archduchess Matilda was Hildegarde Louise Charlest Theresa Frederica, daughter of Louis, King of Bavaria. The young Archduchess lock her mother on the 3th of April, 1861.

On the 224 of May, as she was standing looking out of a window in the palace, in Vienna, she suddenly felt a burning licut, and screamed out. Her attondants hassened towards her, and perceived that the unfortunate lady was its fiames. From some cause unknown, for it is said thers was neither fire nor tight in the room, her clothes had taken fire, and her back, arm, neck and the lower extremities were soriously burned before the flames could be extinguished. It was supposed that she must have troders on a match which had been carelossly dropped on the floor. At the time of the accident the worst results were apprehended in consequence of the inflammation that superveced, but a few days later it was announced that the unfororable symmons were subsiding, and hopes of her recovery were entertained. The prolonged suffering was, however, too much for her system, and after lingering for a fortnight she expired on Thursday morning, Jone 6, at eight o'clock.

#### A PHILADELPHIA THEATRE SURMED.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE HERALO.

Total Destruction of the American Varieties Theatre by Fire-Nine Persons Killed and Eighteen or Twenty Wounded-One of the

About half-past nine o'clock this evening a fire wa the time it was announced from the stage. The audienc-retired in good order, though there were symptoms of

previous to the fact of the fire being communicated from the stage: The audience had hardly escaped when the flames burst forth, and the streets were made as bright as day with the glare of the flames. The fire for a while Chief Engineer ordered a general alarm to be struck

in the vicinity. The rear of the houses situ

through the energetic efforts of the firemen.

The theatre, therefore, is a mass of rule

Wheatley's management; and some thirty years ago is narrowly escaped destruction by fire, The property was rented under a lease held by the late E. P. Christy. It was under lease to Robert Fox.

the building is supplied with a complete fire apparatus
which was kept employed upon the roof of that build ing, deluging it with water.

The fire attracted thousands to the vicinity, who re mained until the flames were brought under subjection

Marshal Blackburn. The loss is variously esti

A fireman fell from a ladder and sestained serious ajuries, from which it is stated he has since died.

Wounded.
PHILADELPHIA, June 20, 1867.
1:30 o'Clock A, M.

The front wall of the theatre fell at about twenty min ster to eleven o'clock, burying in the ruins and it stantly killing John Lutz, a member of the Hibernia Engine Company, a member of the Franklin Company, a boy, and a fireman said to be a member of the Columbia Hose. It is rumored that are were killed in all; but one reported killed is still alive, though there is no hopes of his recovery. There were some eighteen or twenty wounded, several seriously. The Hibernia enseveral of their members severely injured. The fire-men complain that to the inefficiency of the police is the crowd so great that the firemen were unable to escape the impending danger, which they could have ione had the police force been properly directed.

The loss in life was greater than was thought. Since

my last despatch I learned the names of the following

unknown, head mashed. John Lutz, of the Hibernia Engine Company.

A citizen, not recognized.
Cabell Deetz, of the Washington Engine Company.
John W. Earnest, of the Franklin Engine Company.
A member of the Columbia Hose, head mashed, and fould not be recognized.

A young man, (wenty years of age. ner, of the Washington Engine Company. Wm. Mitchell, of the Washington Engine Company,

Amos Kessine, of the Franklin Engine Company, John Beck, of the Moyamensing Hose. Samuel Juggles, of Friendship Engine, leg broken. Amos Jones, Lafayette Hose, severely injured; not ex-

John Kelly, Franklin Rogine, leg broken and soverely Mathew Ferry, aged seventeen years, severely in-

John Ellis, Washington Engine, seriously injured. Joeph Franklin, Shifter Hose.

A member of the Franklin Engine, name unknown.

Wm. Butler, Washington Engine, badly.

Wm. Waiters, leg broken. George Ashman, Goodwill Engine, collar bone broken. This is thought to be all. The firemen are still at rork, however, and it is possible may discover one or ore bodies yet.

# LARGE FIRE IN PITTSBURG.

A large fire occurred last night in the Ninth ward, by which Gillespie & Mitchell's planing mills, Hobson & Oo's seah and blind factory, and the adjacent dwellings were entirely consumed. Total loss about \$100,000, he only insurance is \$16,000 on Gillespie & Mitchell's mills.

MEX!CO.

MAXIMILIAN STILL ALIVE

His Trial to be Postponed Until the arrival of an American Minister.

General Mejia Puts Escobedo's Gratitude to the Test.

# THE LIBERAL COMMANDER SKULKS

Corona's Cavalry Sent After Lozada.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

of Mexico has already amnounced that Mrs. Baz was exchanged for a son of General O'Horan. See HERALD of June 14 .- Ep. Hesand

Up to the date of June 3 the siege of the ca ent to Jalisco to bring General Lozada to terms-hav reinforced General Dias, who could any day carry the apital by assault if he chose.

# THE PRESS TELEGRAMS.

Bluster of the Mexican Newspapers. New Orlkans, June 19, 1887

newspaper published at Guadaloupe co

The Mexican press congratulate themselves that no European Power will hereafter be able to cosees them. either into paying debts or in any other way. So far the liberal press may nothing about the United

Maximilian's Trial Suspended. The Department of State has information that the ourt martial in the case of Maximilian has for the pres-

WILLIAM AND MARY COLLEGE, VA.

Meeting of Citizens to Consider the Expediency of Rebuilding the College.

Fournass Morror, June 18, 1867.

At a meeting of the citizens of James City county and the city of Williamsburg, held in the city of Williamsburg on the 10th inst., for an expression of opinion in regard to the rebuilding of William and Mary College, on motion John H Barlow, Mayor of the city, was appointed chairman, and other officers were elected, Cyrus A. Branch, of the county, briefly, but farcibly, explained the object of the meeting, and offered a series of resolutions, which were adopted. The resolutions look forward to the early re-erection of the college, which had been destroyed during the war, and express the beiref that the removal of the college from its present site would tend to dissolve the influence which it still exerts over the mind and heart of Virginia, and which would, in all probability, destroy its individuality, and result in the direction of its funds to inferior purposes. It was resolved that the resolutions be sont to General H. A. Wise, one of the visitors of the college, with the earnest request that he will exert his influence to advance and promote the resuscitation of the old college.

# THE OHIO DENTAL CONVENTION.

COLUMBUS, O., June 19, 1867.
The semi-annual meeting of the Ohio Dental Association was held in this city to-day. They approved of the cition of the committee having in charge the defence gainst the prosecution of the Goodyear Pental Vulcanute ompany, and requested them to continue the defence of the final hearing before the Supreme Court of the mited States, if Becausery.

THE PERMSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Pressit vanis State Assicultural Society.

Harefinum, Pa., June 19, 1867.

The Trustees of the State Agricultural Society met vesteriay. The committee reported that this week they would vest the eastern part of the State, and next week the western part, to fix upon sites for experimental farms. The heavy rain yesterday has knocked down the wheat and rye in the surrounding country, but it is not is jured. The annual exhibition of the State Agricultural Society will be held at Pittaburg, September 24.

A. LET US RE MERCIFUL TO OURSELVES.

The physical structure of the strongest human being is rulnerable everywhere. Our bodies are endowed by restrict the reliance of the strongest human being is rulnerable everywhere. Our bodies are endowed by restrict the relian negative power which protects the reliance of the reli

The Bankers' and Merchants' ORAND PRESENTATION ENTERPASSMENT SPRCIAL, IMPORTANT AND LAST NOTIOB. ill most positively take place at 18VING HALL on the become of July 4, 1867.

Pickers provincely leaved for Cooper Institute are good this concert at Irving Hall.
The Targest groups and most successful enterprise theureurated in the world. A PRIMERY WITH SYRRY TICKET. A GIFT The grand distribution of presents will be conducted on the A PRO RATA DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS TO TICK ET

plan of distribution, given below, will convince sees must skeptical of the great advantages which will convince all who perfugate is the enterprise; and the content and financial slandingt of the company, and the man and bankers therefore, will, they hone, prove a sufficient ance of the fairness and impartially with which every in connection with digit be conducted, and that the it calls of ticket holders grill be most acrepitionally was over and generated. Is fact, it is the desire of the remain to conduct every transmittent for the mutual behinds of ever shall purchase a taket, and acrepationally to avoid and overgrhang which totals is the desire of the frame the profits which are likely topecure to all whenever.

[INT OF PARSENTS.]

1,750 964 Cash Presents, amounting to. PIASOS. 8 Steinway's Grand Planos as.
8 Chickering's Grand Planos at.
25 Chickering's Geren Uctave Planos at.
25 Chickering's Seven Octave Planos at.
25 Chickering a Seven Octave Planos at.
26 Meccleans at.
25 Meccleans at.
25 Wind MACHINES.
25 Wheeler & Wilson cab. case Sewing er A Wilson half case sewing 194 W heeler A Wilson unit case sewing Macchines at Wheeler A Wilson plain Sewing Machines at 100 singers that case sewig Machines at 100 singers plain sewing Machines at 100 singers at 100 15,000 \$3 824 5,800 7,776 11,610 4,000 10,175 14,720 16,870

972 Ladina' Gold Watches at.
ibi Ladina' Gold Watches at.
125 American Silver Watches at.
120 Detacted Lever Silver Watches at.
120 Cylinder Enliver Watches at.
122 Plated Watches at.
130 Cylinder Enliver Watches at.
130 Cylinder Enliver Watches at.
130 Cylinder Enliver Watches at. 84,950 7,876 6,249 6,025 4,686 176 Total value of Presents.

Immediately after the grand distribution, a first of the reasons awarded will be printed and sent to each ticket holder. This will be the fairest and most impartial plan of distribution; as oldered to the public.

To this end they nave consigned the sale of tickets and the registering of the same, to Clark. Websier & Oo., Bahkers and Managers. No. 62 Broadway, Now York, who will keep the records in their custody until the day of the smand presentation entertainment, when they will be handed over to accommittee selected by the ardiagnost to the smand presentation of presents.

TICEETS ONE DOLLAR EACH.

For sale at the banking house of Clark, Websier & Co., No. 63 Broadway New York, or sent by mail on receipt of the price and stamp for return postage.

Any party procuring a qub of five or more names for their sends and smalling as the money for the same, will be allowed the following commission.—

We will send

5 tickets to one address for.

10 tickets to one address for.

A True Researk.
WHAT MEDIUAL INSTITUTIONS SAT
Gives more confidence than all quackish advartis
to the hospitals which have introduced, by decision

Perkins' Institution, the celebrated Massachusotts Asylvator the Hind, under charge of Dr. Kilas howe, may be added. It is reported from there to Hoff's field Krizes Denot, 580 Breadless, New York, that the Health Boverne of Mr. Hoff, equally spiendid as a remedy and drink, he proved very astickatory, and that the same receil has been observed in the School for Foeble Mischel Zouthe. As no other beath preparation can publish such solvential approvals, we need not imitate their extravagant saft-praise but merely state that Hoff's Mait Extraot will be found by all invalids, sick and consumptives, an excellent remody.

OWLES RUSSIAN INSECT POWDER - DE American (Waltham) Watches, THE REST IN THE WORLD.

A Cure Warranted or Money Returned. Be FILLER's Vegulable Rheumatic Remedy permanently ourse Rheumatism Neuralgia, Gout: warranted harmat Agents, DEMAS BARNES, II Pa.k row, HEMBOLD, & Broadway.

A Novelty in a Lady's Hat.—New Round Hat for the season, named the "Parepa," to be had only a J. J. HIGGISS, sio Broadway.

A Hundred Styles of Straw Hats, Plain, Or-nate clegant, piquant, captivating, cool and all new this season. GESIN, 513 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dyc.—The Best in the world, the only perfect Dys, harmless, reliable, instantane ms. Factory 41 Barday street. Bath Belles and Benux in Town and Olty

And grave and may, polits and witty,
Pronounce it aspertine,
This known, no dressing for the Hair
Can with the tomosine compare.
This and all of Burnell's preparations are for asle by druggists everywhere and at 392 Broadway. Cartains a Specialty at RELTT'S, 417 Broadway.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye. The Best Ever Man-Dr. Kennedy's Diarrhon Cordial, One Ret-tle will cure; every family, in acknoss or in health, should have a bottle of it. every traveller, by land, or by water, should have a bottle of it. For sale by DEMAR BARNIE 4 Co., 21 Park row, and F. C. WELLIS & CO., 198 Fullon aircet, N. Y. At retail by all druggists; or ce \$1.

Dr. Von Elvenberg's Æsthetico-Neuralgicon-The wonder of the age for the cure of all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Threat, Catarrh and Ashma. Office 251 Pitch ar. Filiptic Lockstitch Sewing Machines.

First premiums, 1895 No. 545 Broadway. Crystal Cost, rolute tension, adjustants from feet. Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing

India Gauze Undershirts One Dollar Each. Knox's Summer Hats.-A Splendid Variety tractive assertment of Pearl Casimeres await those is want of any kind of Summer Hai, at KNOX's, No. 31 Broadway, corner of Fulton street, and at his up town set tablishment, No. 531 Broadway, dudge the Prescott House Call, and as "you pays your money, take your choice."

Root Beer! Root Beer! Root Beer.
This delicious and bealthy summer Reverage can be made by every family with very little trouble and trifling expenses by getting a bottle of NAPP'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF ROOTS.

A 40 cent bottle will make ten gallons, and a 75 cent bottle subdistration to make twenty fire gallons of the Beer.

Also put up for the trade in quart bottles and gallon cans at \$4 and \$12 cent. Full directions on each bottle or can. For sale by P. B. KNAPP & CO., 362 Hudson street, and by druggiste generally.

Royal Havana Lotery. Price Paid to gold, Information furnished. The highest raise put of Doubloons and all kinds of Gold and Silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, is Wall street, M. C. Stafford's Combined Writing and Copying Pluid, as good as Arnold's; copies well Manufactory (F. Coder street, Samples gratie.

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